

Statewide Assessment: The Truth Revealed

Indiana Department of Education
Office of Student Assessment

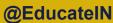
Welcome and Introductions

- Dr. Kristine David
 - Assistant Director of Assessment
- Niki Smithers
 - Assessment Communication Specialist
- Justin Mocas
 - Content Specialist (Elementary ELA and Mathematics)
- Dr. Eimear Towler
 - Senior STEM Assessment Specialist
- Stephanie Thompson
 - Alternate Assessment Specialist

INAssessments@doe.in.gov 317.232.9050







Agenda

Truth 1: There are federal requirements for statewide assessments that affect decisions made at the local level.

Truth 2: Educators are included in the selection of test vendors or the development of statewide assessments.

Truth 3: IDOE provides resources that help teachers understand which standards will be assessed on the statewide assessment and how those standards will be assessed.

Truth 4: The results of statewide assessments should not be used in isolation to determine grade placement, reading ability, and/or the type of special education services students will receive.

Truth 5: The results of statewide assessments is one piece of evidence used by parents and schools to understand students' abilities and progress.





Truth 1

There are federal requirements for statewide assessments that affect decisions made at the local level.



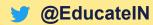


Federal Law

- The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
- No Child Left Behind (2002)
- Every Student Succeeds Act (2015)







Just a few of the requirements under ESSA:

- All students must be assessed in English/Language Arts and Mathematics every year in grades 3 - 8 and once during high school (grades 10 - 12).
 - Indiana uses a minimum score on this ESSA requirement as a graduation pathway.
 - The graduation pathway is not legislated federally, but per Indiana state law.
- All students must be assessed in Science once between grades 3 5, grades 6 - 9, and grades 10 - 12.
- All states must provide accommodations to students who need them for statewide assessments, and these accommodations must be captured in the students' education plan (IEP, CSEP, Section 504).



ESSA Requirements (Continued):

- ESSA limits the number of students who may take alternate assessments to 1 percent of all tested students in a given subject.
- States must establish college-and career-ready standards and maintain high expectations when assessing students against those standards.
- States must develop assessments using the principles of universal design for learning.
- Tests must measure higher-order thinking skills, such as reasoning, analysis, complex problem solving, and critical thinking.





Diving Deeper Into Assessments

Assessing College and Career Readiness Standards

6.RN.2.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what a test says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

"Select the phrases from the text that show why people believed the city of El Dorado did not exist."

Although the text states explicitly that many scientists did not believe El Dorado existed, the reasons must be inferred using details in the text. The student must identify multiple pieces of evidence embedded within the text.





@EducateIN

Indiana Department of Education







Truth 2

Educators are included in the selection of assessment vendors or the development of statewide assessments.





Educator Involvement in Vendor Selection

Request for Proposals (RFP) is a state procurement process used to identify and select vendors to complete assessment projects

Who might participate?				
Superintendents/Building Level Administrators	Special Education Directors			
Corporation Test Coordinators	Content Educators Mathematics			
Technology Directors	 English/Language Arts Science Social Studies 			





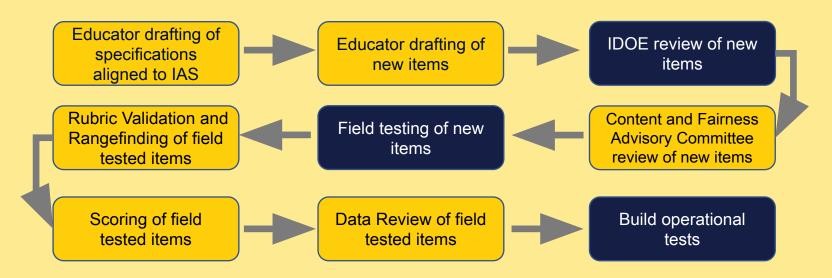
Assessments are built from the ground up, and educators are involved in every step of the process.

STANDARD SETTING	Educators determine cut scores for each proficiency level.
DATA REVIEW	Educators review statistical data from field-test items to determine if the items can be used operationally.
ITEM DEVELOPMENT	Educators develop new items to ensure the assessment of the Indiana Academic Standards.
ITEM AUDIT	Educators review items from licensed banks to determine alignment with Indiana Academic Standards.
	Educators determine how each standard should be measured (e.g., evidence statements, item types, cognitive complexity, etc.)
BLUEPRINTS	Educators define essential content from the Indiana Academic Standards and appropriate proportions for the assessment.
	Educators define the knowledge and skills students should achieve at each grade level for each content area.

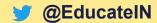




Item Development Sequence







Educator Involvement



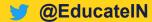












Educator Recruitment



Voice

Indiana educators help build Indiana assessments. We want your voice to be represented. Register here to be considered for an assessment committee.

Opportunity

All custom item development for ILEARN is now completed by Indiana educators. Watch for opportunities for future involvement!

Assessment System

Indiana continues to build towards a cohesive systems of assessments, PreK-12. This year, ISPROUT (PreK) was introduced, and next year, high school assessments will update to align to CCR expectations.

Resources

Indiana <u>publishes</u> many resources to increase transparency, including test blueprints, item specifications, and PLDs for assessments as available.

Educator
Involvement in
the Test
Development
Process









Truth 3

IDOE provides resources that will help teachers understand which standards will be assessed on the statewide assessment and how those standards will be assessed.



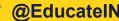


Test Blueprints

- Blueprints are a map for building a test.
- They help determine item selection based on reporting categories, standards, and total amount of items.
- The blueprints can inform instructional planning.







Test **Blueprints**

Reporting	Standard	Standard Item Range		Standard % of Test		Reporting Category Item
Category		Min	Max	Min	Max	Range
	5.AT.1	1	3	2	6	
	5.AT.2	1	3	2	6	
Algebraia	5.AT.3	0	2	0	4	1
Algebraic Thinking	5.AT.4	0	2	0	4	10–12
(20–26%)	5.AT.5	1	3	2	6	10-12
(20-2070)	5.AT.6	0	2	0	4	
	5.AT.7	0	1	0	2	
	5.AT.8	1	3	2	6	
	5.C.1	1	3	2	6	11–13
	5.C.2	1	3	2	6	
	5.C.4	1	3	2	6	
Computation	5.C.5	0	2	0	4	
(22–28%)	5.C.6	0	2	0	4	
117	5.C.7	0	2	0	4	
	5.C.8	0	2	0	4	
	5.C.9	0	1	0	2	





Item Specifications

- Item specifications are a guide for individual item creation and contain information about the presentation to students.
- The specs are based on an academic standard.
- They offer details about the item type, DOK level, vocabulary, content limits, and samples.





Item Specifications

Content Standard	MA.4.G.1: Identify, describe, and draw parallelograms, rhombuses, and trapezoids using appropriate tools (e.g., ruler, straightedge, and technology).
Content Limits	Items should not include kites.
Construct-Relevant Vocabulary	congruent, line segment, parallel, parallelograms, rhombuses, trapezoids
Recommended Response Mechanisms (Item Types)	Graphic Response Multi-Select
DOK	2

8		1			
Model Task					
Context	No Context				
Allowable Stimulus	N/A				
Material	10000				

Evidence Statements

Students draw a given shape or shapes.

Students classify the given shape(s).

Sample Item

Use the Connect Line tool to draw a rhombus.









Additional Resources

- What are Blueprints? Infographic
- Understanding and Using Test Blueprints
 Moodle Course
- Item Specifications Explained
- Understanding and Using Test Specifications
 Moodle Course
- Item Specification Database
- Stimulus/Passage Specifications





Truth 4

The results of statewide assessments should not be used in isolation to determine grade placement, reading ability, and/or the type of special education services students will receive.





A Balanced Approach

 Use multiple measures (more information) to get the clearest picture.





- Use test blueprints, item specifications, and PLDs to ensure an understanding of what each assessment was intended to measure and how.
- Avoid overuse or underuse of data.





Truth 5

The results of statewide assessments is one piece of evidence used by parents and schools to understand students' abilities and progress.

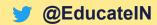




Things to Remember about Assessment and Data

- Assessment scores are estimates of student knowledge and skill.
- Assessment scores describe an estimated ability at a single point in time.
- Assessment scores describe ability based on a defined set of standards and that set of standards is likely different for each assessment.
- Many factors can affect assessment scores.





Questions to Ask the Data

What was the purpose of the assessment?

Were there differences in the provided accommodations?



What standards were being measured?

What level of rigor does the assessment require?

Based on the assessment's purpose, what are ways that I can use the data?

Did any irregularities occur during testing?

How much time has elapsed since the student took the assessment?



@EducateIN

Tabitha took a benchmark assessment in late March and ILEARN in late April. She scored very well on the benchmark assessment, but only attained *Approaching Proficiency* on ILEARN. She tried her best both times. What happened?







Tabitha took a benchmark assessment in late March and ILEARN in late April. She scored very well on the benchmark assessment, but only attained *Approaching Proficiency* on ILEARN. She tried her best both times. What happened?

Possible Response

Benchmark assessments typically measure only a small set of standards while ILEARN measures the breadth and depth of grade level standards. Perhaps the student performs well for the standards on the March benchmark, but needs further support with other standards.





Marcus is in third grade. He took IREAD-3 in March and received a Lexile score of 253. Then he took our district interim test in April and received a Lexile score of 200. Then he took ILEARN and received a Lexile score of 290. Which one is right!?







Marcus is in third grade. He took IREAD-3 in March and received a Lexile score of 253. Then he took our district interim test in April and received a Lexile score of 200. Then he took ILEARN and received a Lexile score of 290. Which one is right!?

Possible Response

Remember that test scores represent a measurement taken at a single point in time and are an estimation of student ability. Also, remember that people change, constantly! Based on these scores, a good estimate for Marcus' reading Lexile is likely in the mid 200s. You may also want to look at the standard measure of error and keep the values within that range.





Individual Student Reports





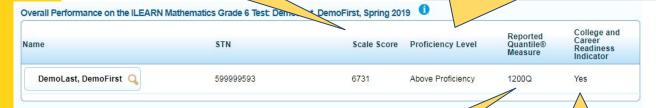
Indiana Learning Evaluation and Readiness Network **ILEARN Assessment Results** INFORMATION ON INDIANA'S ILEARN ASSESSMENT Dear Parent/Guardian. ILEARN is Indiana's new online computer-adaptive This report provides information about your child's performance on the assessment designed to measure your child's proficiency Indiana ILEARN assessment. ILEARN is the summative accountability based on the Indiana Academic Standards, Overall assessment for Indiana students to measure student growth and proficiency student results in ILEARN are reported as four-digit scale in English/Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, and Social Studies scores. The overall scale scores for Indiana students according to the Indiana Academic Standards. align with the four proficiency levels (Below Proficiency, Please read this report closely and discuss the results with your child and Approaching Proficiency, At Proficiency, and Above his/her teacher. Thank you for supporting your child's education. Proficency). The report provides your family with useful information, including the following: how your child scored Add Cancel on the assessment, whether the scores meet state proficiency standards, and how your child's scores Dr. Jennifer McCormick compare with students in his/her school, corporation, and State Superintendent of Public Instruction UNDERSTANDING THE ILEARN ASSESSMENT Scale Score: Represents your child's Proficiency Level: Indicates which proficiency level your child is overall numerical acore placed on an placed into based on the overall scale scows allemative scale rather than just using Reported Lexile* Measure (English/Language Arts only): information nement correct or a rew accre-Represents your child's reading ability, and serves as a guide in selecting books for your child. Reported Quantile* Measure (Mathematics only): Represents your child's mathematical skills, and helps you identify activities. o support your child in gaining mathematical skills and Based on your child's ILEARN scale score, heighe is We encourage you placed into one of the four proficiency levels: Below College and Career Readiness Indicator: Indicates whether your child meets the college-and-career readiness standards. Proficiency, Approaching Proficiency, At Proficiency, or to review these Above Proficiency, Students performing At or Above results with your Proficiency are on track for college and career child and his/her 2715 teacher. If you have Your child's test score can vary if the test is taken several questions about the imes. His/her knowledge and skills likely tall within a contents of this acore range and not just at a precise number. Scores are report, contact you an estimation of your child's ability local school or corporation. The comparison acores table shows how your child's scale Things to consider accre compares with peers at the actual, corporation, and with your child's. teacher: The reporting category performance table shows your ► What are child's performance across domains within a content area. strengths? laporting category performance is reported as: Below (), AdNese (), or Above (). ► What are areas of Bar charts indicate how your child performed. The black bar shows your child's performance. The white bar shows ➤ What strategies the expectation by domain. The green band shows the can we use to range of performance expected over time typically support growth? exposited with the assessment's small measurement error ► What Inglish/Language Arts reports include descriptions of your instructional vid's performance on the Performance Task (i.e., writing materials do you ortion). If a condition code appears, your child's response CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN recommend for ould not be acceed. Unaccrable responses include responses that are blank, insufficient, written in a on-scorable language, off-topic, off-purpose, or illegible ADDITIONAL RESOURCES For more information about this assessment, go to www.doe.in.gov/assessment/ilearn . To understand more about your child's proficiency level, go to www.doe.in.gov/assessment/learn-families To practice questions similar to what your child has seen on ILEARN, go For more information about Lexile* Measures, go to to www.doe.in.gov/assessment/liearn-sample-items-and-acoring www.doe.in.gov/assessment/ lexile-measures-indiana Indiana Department of Education

Understanding the ISR

- Scale Score
- Proficiency Level
- Reported Lexile® (ELA) or Quantile® (Mathematics)
 Measure
- College and Career Readiness Indicator

Scale Score: Represents the student's overall numerical score placed on an alternative scale rather than just using percent correct or raw score.

Proficiency Level: Indicates which proficiency level the student is placed into based on the overall scale score. Proficiency levels for ILEARN include Below Proficiency, Approaching Proficiency, At Proficiency, and Above Proficiency.



BIndiana



Reported Lexile® Measure (ELA only): Represents the student's reading ability and serves as a guide in selecting books.

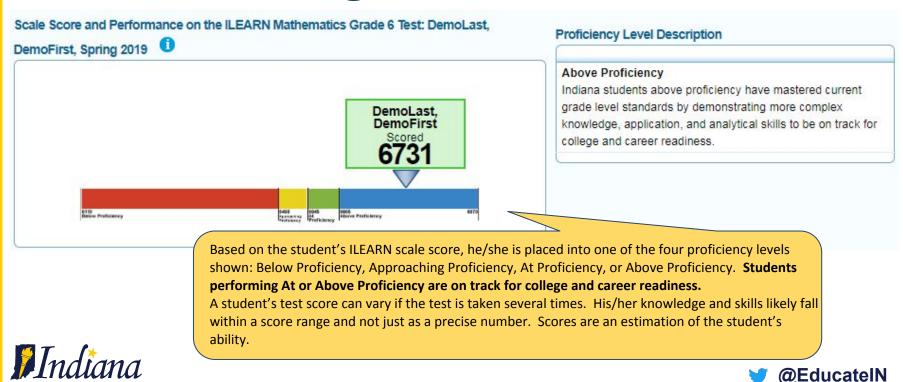
Reported Quantile® Measure (Mathematics only):

Represents the student's mathematics skills and helps identify activities to support the student in gaining mathematical skills and understanding.

College and Career Readiness Indicator: Indicates whether the student meets the

college-and-career readiness standards.

Understanding the ISR



Questions?

Thank you for joining us!

INAssessments@doe.in.gov

317.232.9050



